

## Java Programming Language, Java SE 6

**Duration:** 5 Days

### What you will learn

The Java Programming Language course give you a solid foundation for programming with Java. This course is ideal for programmers interested in adding the Java programming language to their list of skills, as well as those preparing for the Oracle Certified Professional, Java SE 6 Programmer examination.

### Learn To:

Understand the syntax of the Java programming language.

Use object-oriented programming with the Java programming language.

Create graphical user interfaces (GUIs), exceptions, file input/output (I/O), threads and networking.

Develop Java technology applications.

### Benefits to You

Boost the productivity, communication and collaboration of your organization. At the same time, reduce the cost of application ownership through more efficient development and deployment techniques. Maintain your edge by staying current with the global standard for developing networked applications.

### Java SE 6

This course features the Java Platform, Standard Edition 6 (Java SE 6) platform, and utilizes the Java SE Development Kit 6 (JDK 6) product. The students perform the course lab exercises using the NetBeans Integrated Development Environment (IDE).

### Training Requirements

This course counts towards the Hands-on course requirement for the Java SE 6 Developer Certification. Only instructor-led inclass or instructor-led online formats of this course will meet the Certification Hands-on Requirement. Self Study and Knowledge Center courses do not meet the Hands-on Requirement.

### Related Training

#### *Required Prerequisites*

Create and edit text files using a text editor

Understand object-oriented principles

Be competent in creating programs in any programming language or have completed the SL-110-SE6

Fundamentals of the Java Programming Language course.

### *Suggested Prerequisites*

Fundamentals of the Java Programming Language, Java SE 6

Fundamentos da Linguagem de Programação Java

### **Course Objectives**

Create Java technology applications that leverage the object-oriented features of the Java language, such as encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism

Execute a Java technology application from the command line

Use Java technology data types and expressions

Use Java technology flow control constructs

Use arrays and other data collections

Implement error-handling techniques using exception handling

Create an event-driven graphical user interface (GUI) using Swing components: panels, buttons, labels, text fields, and text areas

Implement input/output (I/O) functionality to read from and write to data and text files and understand advanced I/O streams

Create a simple Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) networked client that communicates with a server through sockets

Create multithreaded programs

### **Course Topics**

#### **Getting Started**

Examine Java technology

Analyze a simple Java technology application

Execute a Java technology application

#### **Object-Oriented Programming**

Define modeling concepts: abstraction, encapsulation, and packages

Discuss Java technology application code reuse

Define class, member, attribute, method, constructor, and package

Use the access modifiers private and public as appropriate for the guidelines of encapsulation

Invoke a method on a particular object

Use the Java technology API online documentation

#### **Identifiers, Keywords, and Types**

Use comments in a source program

- Distinguish between valid and invalid identifiers
- Use the eight primitive types
- Define literal values for numeric and textual types
- Define the terms primitive variable and reference variable
- Declare variables of class type
- Construct an object using new and describe default initialization
- Describe the significance of a reference variable

## **Expressions and Flow Control**

- Distinguish between instance and local variables
- Describe how to initialize instance variables
- Recognize, describe, and use Java software operators
- Distinguish between legal and illegal assignments of primitive types
- Identify boolean expressions and their requirements in control constructs
- Recognize assignment compatibility and required casts in fundamental types
- Use if, switch, for, while, and do constructions and the labeled forms of break and continue as flow control structures in a

## **Arrays**

- Declare and create arrays of primitive, class, or array types
- Explain why elements of an array are initialized
- Explain how to initialize the elements of an array
- Determine the number of elements in an array
- Create a multidimensional array
- Write code to copy array values from one array to another

## **Class Design**

- Define inheritance, polymorphism, overloading, overriding, and virtual method invocation
- Use the access modifiers protected and the default (package-friendly)
- Describe the concepts of constructor and method overloading
- Describe the complete object construction and initialization operation

## **Advanced Class Features**

- Create static variables, methods, and initializers
- Create final classes, methods, and variables
- Create and use enumerated types
- Use the static import statement
- Create abstract classes and methods
- Create and use an interface

## **Exceptions and Assertions**

- Define exceptions
- Use try, catch, and finally statements
- Describe exception categories
- Identify common exceptions
- Develop programs to handle your own exceptions
- Use assertions
- Distinguish appropriate and inappropriate uses of assertions
- Enable assertions at runtime

## **Collections and Generics Framework**

- Describe the general purpose implementations of the core interfaces in the Collections framework
- Examine the Map interface

Examine the legacy collection classes  
Create natural and custom ordering by implementing the Comparable and Comparator interfaces  
Use generic collections and type parameters in generic classes  
Refactor existing non-generic code  
Write a program to iterate over a collection  
Examine the enhanced for loop

## **I/O Fundamentals**

Write a program that uses command-line arguments and system properties  
Examine the Properties class  
Construct node and processing streams, and use them appropriately  
Serialize and deserialize objects  
Distinguish readers and writers from streams, and select appropriately between them

## **Console I/O and File I/O**

Read data from the console  
Write data to the console  
Describe files and file I/O

## **Building Java GUIs Using the Swing API**

Describe the JFC Swing technology  
Identify the Swing packages  
Describe the GUI building blocks: containers, components, and layout managers  
Examine top-level, general-purpose, and special-purpose properties of container  
Examine components  
Examine layout managers  
Describe the Swing single-threaded model  
Build a GUI using Swing components

## **Handling GUI-Generated Events**

Define events and event handling  
Examine the Java SE event model  
Describe GUI behavior  
Determine the user action that originated an event  
Develop event listeners  
Describe concurrency in Swing-based GUIs and describe the features of the SwingWorker class

## **GUI-Based Applications**

Describe how to construct a menu bar, menu, and menu items in a Java GUI  
Understand how to change the color and font of a component

## **Threads**

Define a thread  
Create separate threads in a Java technology program, controlling the code and data that are used by that thread  
Control the execution of a thread and write platform-independent code with threads  
Describe the difficulties that might arise when multiple threads share data  
Use wait and notify to communicate between threads  
Use synchronized to protect data from corruption

## **Networking**

Develop code to set up the network connection  
Understand TCP/IP

Use ServerSocket and Socket classes to implement TCP/IP clients and servers